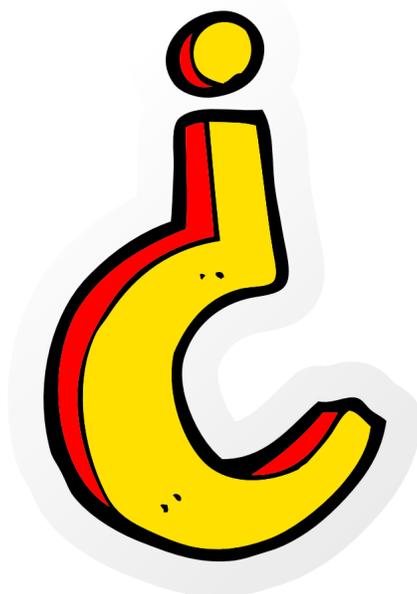


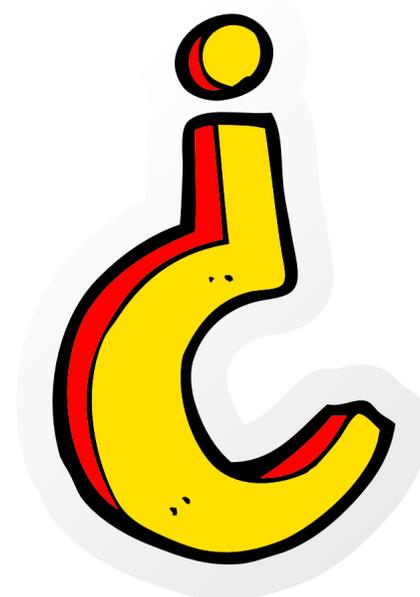


What are some of the main environmental problems in Spain today?



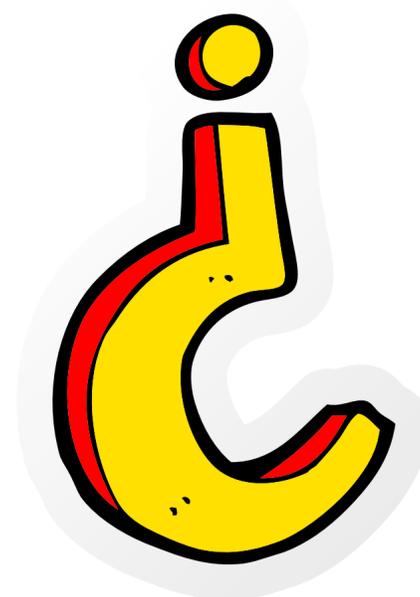


What is the greenhouse effect, and how does it impact the climate in Spain?



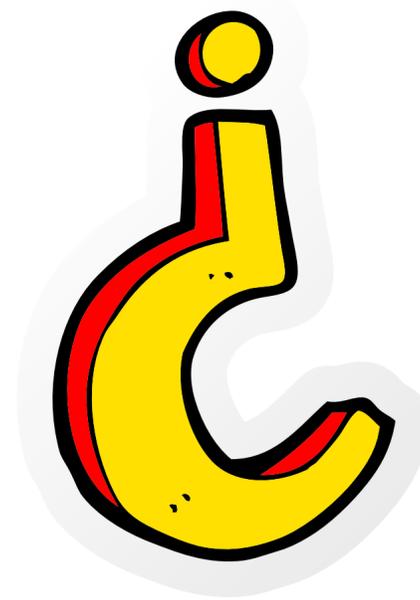


How can Spain reduce waste and increase recycling to help protect the environment?



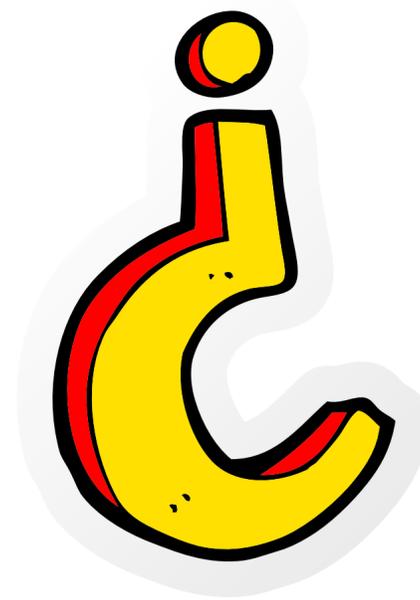


What is deforestation, and how does it affect Spain's forests?



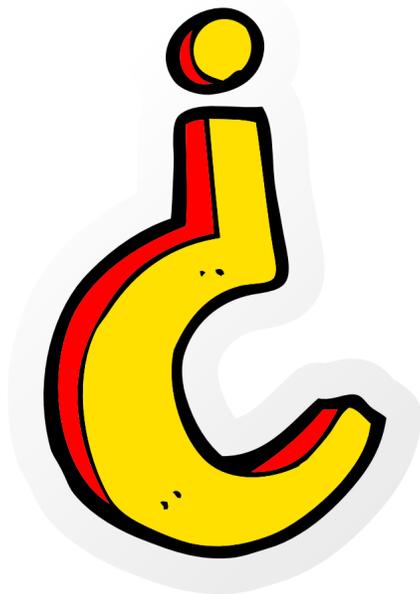


How does climate change impact farming and agriculture in Spain?



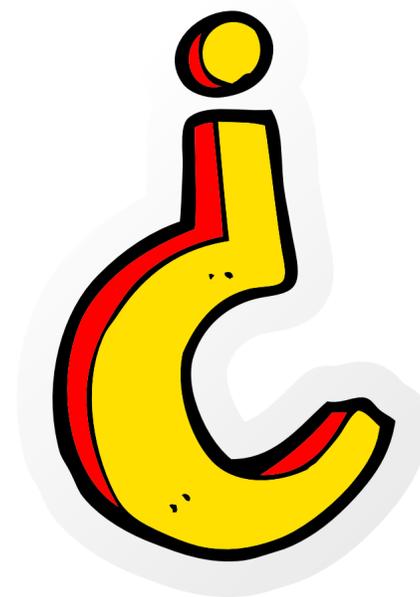


What are some ways that Spain can use water more efficiently, especially in dry regions?



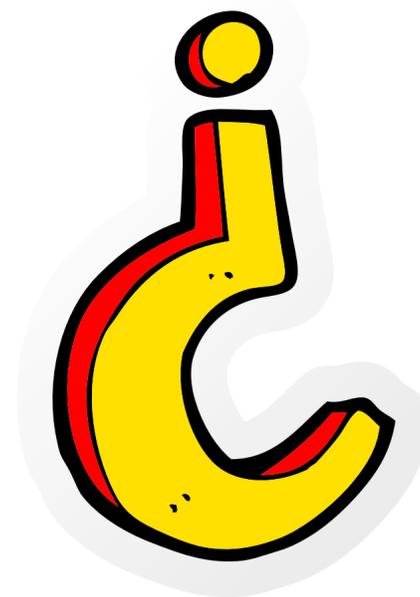


Why is it important for Spain to use more renewable energy, like wind and solar power?





***How can Spain reduce food waste
and promote more sustainable
eating habits?***

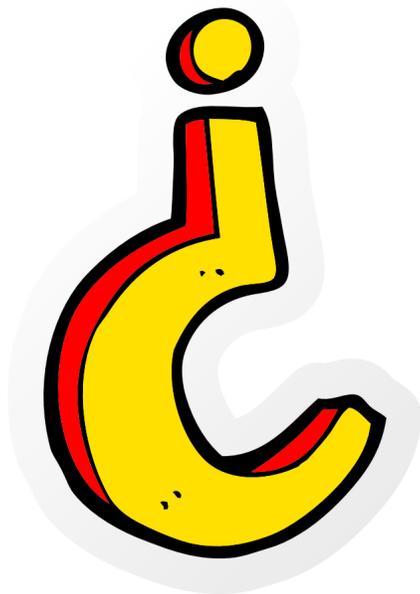




a) High levels of recycling, water abundance, and good air quality

b) Air pollution, water scarcity, waste problems, and climate change

c) Overpopulation, lack of green spaces, and deforestation

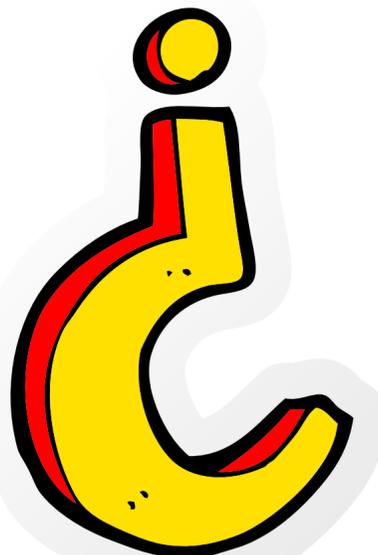




a) It is when gases trap heat in the atmosphere, causing temperatures to rise.

b) It cools the Earth by blocking sunlight.

c) It allows the Earth to stay cold and prevents heat from escaping.

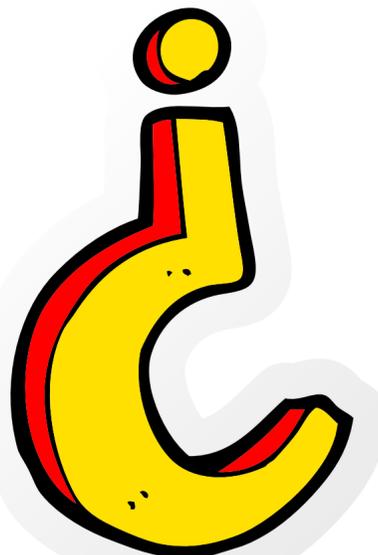




a) By encouraging more plastic production and reducing recycling efforts.

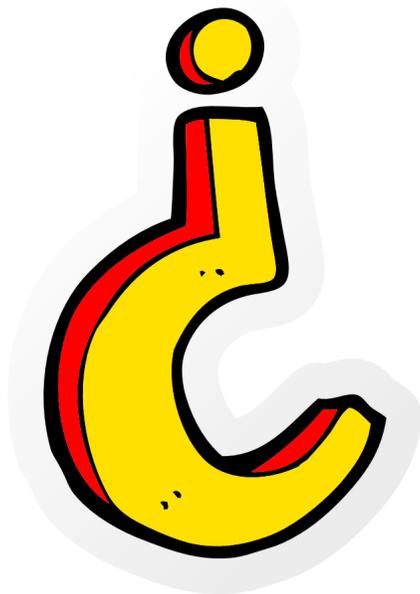
b) By improving recycling systems, reducing plastic, and educating the public.

c) By burning all waste to reduce landfill use.





- a) The planting of new trees to improve forests.***
- b) The cutting down of trees, which leads to loss of wildlife and soil erosion.***
- c) The protection of trees to help the environment.***

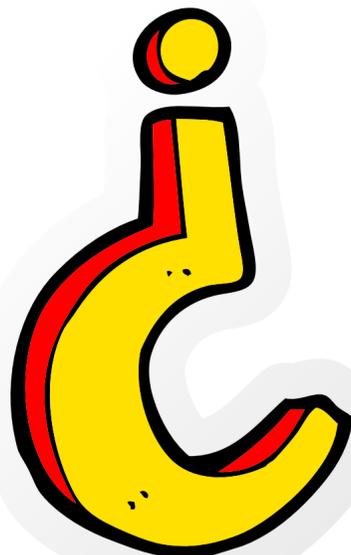




a) It increases rainfall, making farming easier.

b) It causes less rain, hotter temperatures, and makes farming harder.

c) It has no effect on agriculture.

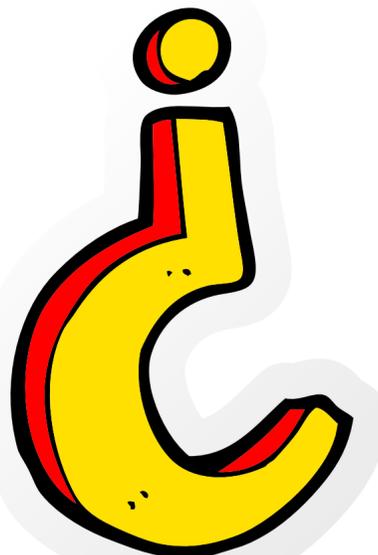




a) By using more water for agriculture and wasting it.

b) By using drip irrigation, recycling water, and educating people about conservation.

c) By relying only on natural rainfall.

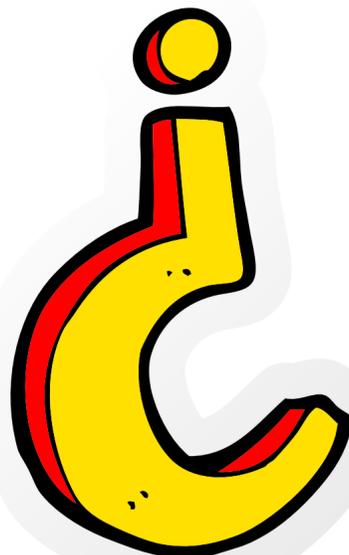




a) It reduces environmental pollution and helps fight climate change.

b) It increases the country's dependence on imported fossil fuels.

c) It makes Spain more dependent on non-renewable energy sources.





a) Encourage the purchase of large quantities of food that may not be consumed in time.

b) Support local farming and seasonal produce to reduce food miles and waste.

c) Increase the use of plastic packaging for food products.

